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1. ACRONYMS

AA	Accounting Authority	
AET	Adult Education and Training	
APP	Annual Performance Plan	
ARPL	Artisan Recognition of Prior Learning	
ATR	Annual Training Report	
СВО	Community Based Organisation	
CEO	Chief Executive Officer	
CFO	Chief Financial Officer	
CETC	Community Education and Training College	
DG	Discretionary Grant(s)	
DHET	Department of Higher Education and Training	
FBMS/ FBS	Food and Beverages Manufacturing Sector	
FOODBEV SETA	Food and Beverages Manufacturing Sector Education and Training	
	Authority	
HEI	Higher Éducation Institution	
MG	Mandatory Grant(s)	
MoU	Memorandum of Understanding	
NGO	Non-Governmental Organisation	
NPC	Non-Profit Company	
NPO	Non-Profit Organisation	
NQF	National Qualifications Framework	
NSDP	National Skills Development Plan 2030	
PFMA	Public Finance Management Act No. 1 of 1999, as amended	
PIVOTAL	Professional, Vocational, Technical and Academic Learning	
PP	Pivotal Plans	
PR	Pivotal Report	
QCTO	Quality Council for Trades and Occupations	
RPL	Recognition of Prior Learning	
SAQA	South African Qualifications Authority	
SARS	South African Revenue Service	
SDA	Skills Development Act, No. 97 of 1998, as amended	
SDF	Skills Development Facilitator	
SDLA	SDLA No. 9 of 1999, as amended	
SETA	Sector Education and Training Authority	
SME	Small and Micro Enterprise	
SP	Strategic Plan	
SSP	Sector Skills Plan	
TVET	Technical and Vocational Education and Training	
WBLPA Regs	Workplace Based Learning Programme Agreement Regulations	
WIL	Work Integrated Learning	
WSP	Workplace Skills Plan	

2. DEFINITION OF TERMS

TERM	MEANING		
Accounting	Means The highest decision-making structure at FoodBev SETA appointed		
Authority	by the Executive Authority for a period of five (5) years, with a role of		
	governing and managing the SETA in accordance with the PFMA, the SDA,		
	the SDLA and any other applicable legislation.		
Adult Education	Foundation for lifelong learning programmes designed for adults to improve		
and Training (AET)	their level of literacy and numeracy conducted over a period of 12 months.		
Annexure II	Means The Workplace Skills Plan (WSP), Annual Training Report (ATR), PIVOTAL Plan (PP) and PIVOTAL Report (PR).		
Annual Training	Means a report that reflects the education, training and development		
Report	activities of the organisation that were implemented and highlight progress		
	against the previous year's workplace plan.		
Apprenticeship	Means a period of workplace-based learning culminating in an occupational		
	qualification for a listed trade.		
	A combination of on-the-job training and related classroom instruction in		
	which apprentices learn the practical and theoretical aspects of the		
	designated trade. Apprentices need to do a trade test at the end of their		
	training at accredited Trade Test Centres.		
Artisan	Means a person certified as competent in a listed trade in accordance with		
	the relevant legislation, informed by the SDA		
Artisan	Means principles and processes through which the prior knowledge and		
Recognition of	skills of a person are made visible, mediated, and rigorously assessed and		
Prior Learning	moderated for the purposes of alternative access and admission,		
(ARPL) and	recognition and certification, or further learning and development. (SAQA		
Recognition of	2013: National Policy for the Implementation of RPL and Government		
Prior Learning (RPL)	Gazette 42319 of 19 March 2019)		
Bursaries	Means a sum of money that is awarded to enable a learner (employed or		
	unemployed) to study at a university or a college. A bursary will cover full		
	cost of tuition. In some instances, some part of accommodation, meals,		
Candidaay	books, and transport.		
Candidacy	Means a period of workplace-based learning undertaken by a graduate as		
Programmes (Registered with a	part of the requirement for registration as a professional in the required professional designation as stipulated by a professional body.		
Professional	professional designation as stipulated by a professional body.		
Body)			
Commissioner	Means the South African Revenue Services ("SARS")		
Critical Skills	Means skills and knowledge within an occupation that are required for the		
	work/job tasks and activities of an occupation.		
Co-operatives	Means forms of ownership registered in terms of the Co-operatives Act No.		
	14 of 2005, as amended.		
	An autonomous association of persons united voluntarily to meet their		
	common economic, social and cultural needs and aspirations through a		
	jointly owned and democratic enterprise. All co-operatives are registered		
	with the Registrar of Co-operatives.		

TERM	MEANING
	FoodBev SETA will work with cooperatives that are developing the skills of beneficiaries/learners that are within the food and beverages manufacturing sector.
Discretionary Grant	Means funding allocated to incentivise or support education, training and skills development and related activities that will address skills development needs of the food and beverages manufacturing sector.
	Funds allocated SETA to be spent on learning programme interventions and projects (including strategic and special) that encompass PIVOTAL programmes and non-PIVOTAL programmes designed to implement the SETA's APP and national imperatives.
Disability	Means Long-term or recurring physical, psychosocial, cognitive, neurological and/or sensory impairment which denies one access to full participation in all aspects of life, and that substantially limits their prospects of entry, or advancement in employment.
Due Diligence	Means a verification of information that has been received during application to assess the applicant's operational capacity.
Employer	Means companies that are registered in terms of Companies Act. Employers include levy paying and non-levy paying companies as defined and described in the Grant Regulations of 3 December 2012. Is a person, company or organisation that hires employees and pays them
	for work done. The employer could be a government department or entity linked to that department, public entity, private company/entity, NPOs, HEIs, colleges etc.
Entity	Means an organisation legally established in terms of relevant establishment laws such as the Companies Act, various education legislation, NPO Act No. 71 of 1997, Public Service act No.103 of 1994 and the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa of 1996.
Extension	Means Learning programme implementation plans that need to be extended due to a variety of reasons on provision of reasonable supporting evidence or written motivation.
Evaluation Process	Means the process of assessing DG applications for PIVOTAL or non-PIVOTAL applications along the compliance, evaluation, due diligence/workplace approval and approval and award stages of the DG process.
Funding Window	Means a public call made through open media platforms and/or publications for applications for mandatory and Discretionary Grants in accordance with the FoodBev Grant Funding Policy, related Grants Criteria and Guidelines and Grant Award Procedure.
Hard to fill vacancies	Means Vacancies that take the employer a period of twelve months or more to find suitable candidates to fill vacancies.
Graduate Internship	Means a period of workplace-based learning for the purposes of allowing a person who has completed a post-school qualification to gain workplace experience or exposure to enhance competence and/or employability (WBLPA Regulations). A programme designed for students who have already completed and obtained a qualification that is relevant to

TERM	MEANING
	employment but have not yet gathered the necessary practical experience
	to enable them to obtain full time employment.
Government	Means national, provincial and local government departments and public
Departments and	entities established in terms of the Public Service Act, Municipal Act, the
Public Entities	Constitution, governed by the Public Finance Management Act No. 1 of
	1999 and Municipal Finance Management Act No. 56 of 2003 and
	participate in skills development related interventions within or for the
	FoodBev SETA.
Higher Education	Means a public or private institution established in terms of the Higher
Institution	Education Amendment Act No. 9 of 2016 that provides higher education on
	a full-time, part-time or distance basis and may be a University, University
	of Technology, or higher education college as defined by the Act.
Internship (In-	Means a programme designed to provide learners with supervised on the
service Training or	job training to gather the necessary practical experience to enable them to
previously Work	obtain a full qualification. This includes:
Integrated	Internship for the NATED (N-Diploma) which means a period of workplace
Learning (WIL)	based learning undertaken as part of the requirement for the N-Diploma
	(TVET WIL 18 months for Business Diplomas and 24 months for Technical
	Diplomas; Student Internship: Category A which means a period of
	workplace based learning undertaken as part of the requirement for the
	Diploma, National Diploma, Higher Certificate or Advanced Certificate as a
	vocational qualification stipulated in the Higher Education Qualifications
Indomes at the second	Sub Framework (HEQSF).
Intervention	Means an activity or combination of activities implemented to address the
	mandate and strategy of the FoodBev SETA. Interventions include but not
	limited to research, planning, evaluation, innovation, learning programmes,
	quality assurance of learning, strategic programmes, projects and
Learnershin	partnerships. Means a structured learning programme which includes theoretical and
Learnership	practical workplace experiential learning which leads to an occupationally
	related qualification registered on the National Qualification Framework.
Learning	Means a structured and purposeful set of learning experiences that lead to
Programme	a qualification or part-qualification, or a set of knowledge, skills and
i rogramme	competencies. This may include AET, learnerships, apprenticeships, skills
	programmes, internships, work experience, candidacy, bursary and any
	other set of learning which may or may not include a structured work
	experience component.
Learning	Means an agreement between employer, learner and/or training provider
Programme	for purposes of workplace-based learning.
Agreement	1.5. p.s. p.s. oc. mempiase sacoa loanning.
Levy Paying	Means an employer who is compelled to pay skills development levies in
Company	terms of section 3(1) of the SDLA. If the company has staff registered for
	PAYE/UIF/SDL and the annual payroll exceeds R500 000 per annum, the
	company must register with SARS and pay a skills levy of 1% of the monthly
	payroll.
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TERM	MEANING
Mandatory Grant	Means funds designated as mandatory contemplated in regulation (4) of
Manuatory Grant	SETA Grant Regulations to fund the education and training programmes
	as contained in the Annexure II submitted to a SETA.
	A mandatory grant is a reimbursement on a skills levy contributed by the
	organisation. It shall not be viewed as income to an organisation and therefo
	is not taxable. It is purely intended for the training and development
	employees.
Non-levy Paying	Means an employer employing less than 50 employees with an annual
Company (NLPC)	payroll less than R500 000 and who is exempted from paying skills
(,	development levy by SARS.
	If the non-levy paying employer is a profit company, then that company
	must fall within the food and beverages manufacturing sector, however, if
	a non-levy paying employer is a NPO then it must develop skills of
	beneficiaries within the food and beverages manufacturing sector.
Non-Government	Means is a non-profit, citizen-based group that functions independently
Organisation	from government, even if funded by government. NGOs, sometimes called
(NGO)	civil societies, are organized on community, national and international
	levels to serve specific social or political purposes, and are cooperative,
	rather than commercial, in nature. Examples of NGOs include those that
	support human rights, advocate for improved health, skills development of
	communities or encourage political participation.
	This definition includes non-government entities that are developing the
	skills of beneficiaries/learners that are within the food and beverages
	manufacturing sector.
Non-PIVOTAL	Means credit and non-credit bearing learning interventions including
Programmes	customised skills sets Non-credit bearing interventions not leading to
	qualifications or part qualifications, must still address the key objectives and
	priorities of the FoodBev SETA. Non-PIVOTAL programmes also include
	but are not limited to research, evaluation, innovation, innovative projects
	and other non-learning delivery interventions core to the achievement of
	the FoodBev SETA mandate and strategy.
Non-Profit	Means a trust, company or other association of persons as defined in the
Organisation	Non-Profit Organisations Act 71 of 1997 which states that an NPO is
(NPO)	(a) established for a public purpose; and
	(b) the income and property of which are not distributable to its members
	or office-bearers except as reasonable compensation for services
	rendered'.
	This definition includes companies that are developing the skills of
	beneficiaries/learners that are within the food and beverages
Non Drofit	manufacturing sector
Non-Profit	Means a Non-Profit Company as described in section 1 of the Companies
Company (NPC)	Act as a company –
	(a) incorporated for a public benefit or other object as required by item 1(1)
	of Schedule 1; and

TERM	MEANING	
LEIXIVI	(b) the income and property of which are not distributable to its	
	incorporators, members, directors, officers or persons related to any of	
	them except to the extent permitted by item 1(3) of Schedule 1'.	
	Schedule 1 of the Companies Act predominantly deals with NPC, and	
	broadly speaking, the goal of the NPC is not to make a profit but to further	
	a certain public benefit, by using the legal organisation of an NPC to do so,	
	and any income received must be applied to further this benefit. The	
	income may not be distributed to any persons involved, except as	
	reasonable compensation for services rendered. There must be three initial	
	directors, and if its Memorandum of Incorporation provides for it, members.	
	This definition includes non-profit entities that are developing the skills of	
	beneficiaries/learners that are within the food and beverages	
	manufacturing sector.	
Non-	Refers to instances where FoodBev SETA has issued formal written	
responsiveness	communication to a grant recipient to request information and / or evidence	
	associated with learner progress and completion, and the grant recipient	
	fails to respond within a reasonable timeframe stipulated in the	
	communication.	
Occupational	Means a qualification associated with a trade, occupation or profession	
Qualifications	resulting from work-based learning and consisting of knowledge, practical	
	and work experience components	
Partnerships	Means contractual arrangements between FoodBev SETA and one or	
	more parties where the parties agree to a common education, training	
	and/or skills development purpose, aligned to national and sector specific	
	strategic imperatives.	
Part Qualification	Means an assessed unit of learning that is registered on the NQF as part	
	of a qualification.	
Person with	Means persons who have a long-term or recurring physical, including	
Disability	sensory, or mental impairment which substantially limits their prospect of	
	entry into or advancement in employment. The concept is further explained	
	as follows:	
	 Firstly, a person must have an impairment – an impairment may 	
	either be physical or mental or a combination of both. A physical	
	impairment means "a partial or total loss of a bodily function or part	
	of the body". It includes sensory impairments such as being deaf,	
	hearing impairment or visual impairment;	
	 Secondly, the impairment must be long-term or recurring. Long- 	
	term impairment is that which has lasted or is likely to persist for at	
	least 12 months and recurring impairment is one that is likely to	
	happen again.	
	 Thirdly, the impairment must be substantial in that the effects of the 	
	disability are more than minor and substantially limit a person's	
	ability to perform essential functions of the job for which she/he is	
DIVOTAL	being considered. Means Professional Vegetienal Technical and Academic Learning	
PIVOTAL	Means Professional, Vocational, Technical and Academic Learning	
(Sectoral Priority	programmes that result in qualifications or part-qualifications on the	
Occupations)	National Qualifications Framework as contemplated in Regulation 3(6) &	
	(7) as read with regulation 6 (11) to (15).	

TERM	MEANING
	Professional learning programmes shall mean programmes that
	lead to designations that are registered by professional bodies.
	Vocational learning programmes shall mean trades and
	artisanal programmes that lead to a trade and/or the National
	Certificate Vocational (NCV).
	Technical learning programmes shall mean programmes that
	are occupationally directed and registered by the SETA. Such
	programmes include apprenticeships, learnerships and skills
	programmes.
	Academic learning programmes shall mean programmes that
	lead to academic qualifications such as Certificates, Higher
	Certificates, Diplomas and Degrees.
Pivotal Plan	Means a strategic training plan aligned to address scarce skills and is a
	snapshot of training that will take place in the upcoming financial year
Pivotal Report	Means a report that reflects the education, training and development
	activities of the organisation that were implemented and highlight progress
D. C. C.	against the previous year's pivotal plan.
Projects	Means temporary undertakings with defined strategically aligned scope of
	work, a clear start and end point and time-bound deliverables to achieve a
	unique goal within a defined deliverable schedule, inclusive of activities and
Skills Programme	reporting, and monitoring and evaluation requirements. Means a learning intervention that has been designed and intended to be
Skills Flograffille	an occupational based, short term learning programme, which when
	successfully completed, will constitute credits towards a qualification
	registered on the National Qualification Framework.
Skills Sets	means a combination of skills required by learners for the purpose of re-
	skilling, or up-skilling in relation to industry needs. These skills sets may be
	linked to more than one NQF qualification according to the National
	Qualification Framework Act No. 67 of 2008
Stakeholder	Means a party that has an interest in a company and can either affect or be
	affected by the business
Strategic Projects	Means interventions that are intended to address strategic priorities of the
	FoodBev SETA, which include national or industry imperatives, as
	encapsulated in the FoodBev SETA SP and APP. These are also known
—	as special projects.
Termination	An agreement between the company, learner and/or training provider to
	cancel a learning programme agreement.
	OR Refers to instances where FoodBev SETA reserves the right to terminate
	a learning programme due to non-responsiveness.
Workplace	Is the process of assessing the workplace's capacity to deliver on the
Approval	structured workplace component of a learning programme.
Workplace Skills	Means a strategic document that articulates how an employer intends to
Plan	address the training and development needs in the workplace during a
-	forthcoming year
* A II 4	fined above shall bear the same meaning as in the applicable legislation

^{*}All terminology not defined above shall bear the same meaning as in the applicable legislation

3. RELATED LEGISLATIVE AND REGULATORY PRESCRIPTS

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following: prescripts, amongst others:

Legislation regulations and government Policy

- 3.1. Skills Development Act No.26 of 2011 (as amended) (the "Act) ("SDA")
- 3.2. Skills Development Levies Act (SDLA) No 9 of 1999 ("SDLA")
- 3.3. SETA Grant Regulations regarding monies received by a SETA and related matters.
- 3.4. Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (as amended) ("PFMA")
- 3.5. National Treasury Regulations of March 2005
- 3.6. Service Level Agreement signed with the Director General of DHET
- 3.7. Work-based Learning Programme Agreement Regulations
- 3.8. Other applicable and related legislations, directives, instruction notes

The policy must be read in conjunction with the following related FoodBev SETA policies, amongst others:

- 3.9. Grants Standard Operation Procedures (SOP)
- 3.10. Service Level Agreement signed with the Director General of DHET
- 3.11. The National Skills Development Plan 2030
- 3.12. National Artisan Moderation Body (NAMB) Guidelines
- 3.13. National Standardised Artisan Learner Workplace and/or site approval criteria and guideline
- 3.14. FoodBev SETA Constitution
- 3.15. Delegation of Authority Policy
- 3.16. Finance Policy
- 3.17. Monitoring and Evaluation Policy
- 3.18. The Code of Conduct
- 3.19. The FoodBev SETA Disciplinary Code; and
- 3.20. Other policies and standard operating procedures.

4. PREAMBLE

FoodBev SETA's mandate is to facilitate the development of skills of individuals in the sector. It has the responsibility of improving skills through demand-led training to enhance organisational productivity and performance through skills development.

In terms of SETA Grant Regulations, the levy grant system is allocated as follows:

GRANT SYSTEM	ALLOCATION %	REGULATION
Total Levy	100%	Employers are obligated to pay 1% of total payroll to SARS
NSF	20%	Levies are transferred to NSF

GRANT SYSTEM	ALLOCATION %	REGULATION
SETA Administration	10.5%	Levies towards Admin – 10%
		Levies towards QCTO – 0.5%
Mandatory Grant	20%	Levies transferred to complying employers
		80% paid to qualifying employers for the
Discretionary Grant	49.5%	implementation of PIVOTAL Programmes.
	49.570	20% paid to qualifying employers for
		implementation of non-PIVOTAL programmes

5. SCOPE OF APPLICATION

This policy will be applicable to the following:

5.1. All internal governance structures and employees of FoodBev SETA.

6. PURPOSE

The aim of this policy is to:

- 6.1. Outline the purpose of Mandatory Grants, Discretionary Grants, Specia/Strategic Projects and Partnerships.
- 6.2. To set out the funding framework for the various Learning Programmes and Projects to be funded through FoodBev SETA Grants.
- 6.3. To outline the application, awarding and management of the Mandatory Grant (MG), Discretionary Grant (DG) and Special/Strategic Projects and Partnerships.
- 6.4. Determine the proportion of Grants that can be used for administration or project management purposes in the various Grants and project categories provided.
- 6.5. Provides the basis for the FoodBev SETA to disburse grants to its stakeholders, in line with the criteria set out in the Grants Regulations.
- 6.6. Provides entities with a comprehensive overview of the requirements for grants to ensure that applications for grants are properly focused.
- 6.7. Outlines the method of allocating funds with respect to targets, qualifying criteria, evaluation criteria and grant value.
- 6.8. Outlines monitoring and evaluation of the skills development interventions funded by the FoodBev SETA.
- 6.9. Adopts a skills value chain approach to address priorities identified in the SSP and through the SP and APP.

7. POLICY PROVISIONS

The Policy will be guided by the following guidelines:

- 7.1. The Grant Funding Policy supports the funding of the FoodBev SETA mandate and strategy as informed by the skills development legislation, *SDA*, SDLA, Grant Regulations (Government Gazette No. 35940 of 3 December 2012), strategic imperatives of the *NSDP*.
- 7.2. The FoodBev SETA will open funding windows for Discretionary Grant funding applications.
- 7.3. Proposals that are special in nature support strategic projects and partnerships that align with priorities identified in the SSP, SP, APP, and other national priorities. These initiatives aim to drive innovation and impact in skills development.
- 7.4. The award for funding is at the sole discretion of the FoodBev SETA and is dependent on the available funds.
- 7.5. Site visits and/or due diligence processes will be conducted at the discretion of the SETA.

8. PRINCIPLES

This policy is committed to the principles of:

- 8.1. Transparency: The FoodBev SETA conducts grant funding processes in a manner that is honest, open, ensuring access to information whilst guided by the laws of the Republic of South Africa.
- 8.2. Accountability: The FoodBev SETA conducts grant funding processes in a manner that demonstrates its obligations to responding to the needs of its stakeholders and beneficiaries.
- 8.3. Inclusivity: The FoodBev SETA supports structural economic transformation that promotes an inclusive growth agenda; transformation in terms of the demographic transformation of the labour market with respect to issues such as race, gender, people with disabilities, youth, township, and rural communities.
- 8.4. Ethics: The FoodBev SETA conducts grant funding processes in a manner that is professional, unbiased, fair, equitable and recognises the diversity and dignity of its stakeholders and beneficiaries.
- 8.5. Conflict of Interest: The FoodBev SETA conducts grant funding in a manner that promotes the interests and needs of its stakeholders and beneficiaries through best practice governance oversight and monitoring. FoodBev SETA shall strive to detect and prevent situations in which a FoodBev SETA official playing a role in discretionary grant processes is in a position to derive personal benefit from actions or decisions made in their official capacity through a process of declaring any existing or potential conflict interest.
- 8.6. Fairness and Progressiveness: The FoodBev SETA allocates grant funding in a manner that promotes fairness and progressive thinking which considers the economic environment. The

FoodBev SETA will consider grant increases from current committed grants as and when grant values are increased.

9. SECTION A: MANDATORY GRANTS

9.1. **INTRODUCTION**

- 9.1.1. This section of the policy provides a framework for the FoodBev SETA on how to manage and disburse mandatory grants. It also provides a uniform framework that is consistent with the principles of transparency and fairness which is aligned to the SDA, as amended, and the SETA Grant Regulations.
- 9.1.2. A mandatory grant is a reimbursement on a skills levy contributed by the organization. It shall not be viewed as income to an organisation and therefore is not taxable. It is purely intended for the training and development of employees.

9.2. ALLOCATION OF MANDATORY GRANTS

- 9.2.1. The FoodBev SETA will allocate mandatory grants to a levy paying employer who:
 - 9.2.1.1. Has registered with the Commissioner in terms of section 3(1) of the SDLA.
 - 9.2.1.2. Has paid the skills development levy under SIC Code 09 in terms of section 3(1) of the SDLA.
 - 9.2.1.3. Has paid the levies directly to the Commissioner in the manner and within the period determined in section 6 of the SDLA.
 - 9.2.1.4. Has submitted an online application for mandatory grants through the MIS system on or before the 30th of April, by completing WSP and ATR forms, unless an extension has been requested.
 - 9.2.1.4.1. A written request for extension must be submitted to the SETA at least three (3) weeks before closing date. An extension of up to a maximum of one (1) month may be granted by the CEO. The outcome of the applications for extension will be communicated in writing to an employer, within 3 working days of approval.
 - 9.2.1.4.2. Only employers that have been granted an extension will have access to the SETA MIS system to submit the Annexure II (after the closing date).
 - 9.2.1.5. In the case of an employer who has a recognition agreement with a trade union or unions in place, there must be evidence provided that WSP and ATR has been subject to consultation with the recognised trade unions,

- and Annexure II must be signed off by the labour representative appointed by the recognised trade union unless an explanation is provided.
- 9.2.1.6. An employer employing 50 or more employees that does not have a recognition agreement with a trade union, is required to have the Annexure II application signed off by an appointed employee representative of the training committee of the organisation.
- 9.2.1.7. An employer employing less than 50 employees and does not have a recognition agreement with a trade union must select an employee representative who will confirm by signing off on the application, that the application has been completed in consultation with employees.
- 9.2.2. With regards to the Inter-SETA transfer (in), the company must submit proof that the Annexure II was submitted and approved by the previous SETA in time, by providing FoodBev SETA with an approval letter from the previous SETA.
- 9.2.3. An employer must have implemented at least 50% of the previously planned training interventions as reflected in their ATR.
- 9.2.4. Any deviation between planned and actual must be explained by providing valid reasons for the variance. Employers who have not implemented training as per their submitted WSP but have implemented additional training not included in the WSP must then highlight the additional training implemented.
- 9.2.5. A newly registered company (first time registration) must have submitted WSP and ATR application within six (6) months of registration.
- 9.2.6. A first-time employer/company is exempted from submitting an Annual Training Report (ATR) and Pivotal Report (PR) in the first year of qualifying.
- 9.2.7. A company that does not meet the criteria will not be eligible for payment of Mandatory Grants

9.3. APPROVAL OF MANDATORY GRANTS

- 9.3.1. All eligible companies who have met the criteria as set out above in clause 9.2.1 will be recommended to the award committee by the Chairperson of the grants adjudication committee for approval.
- 9.3.2. Applicants who have submitted their mandatory applications will be notified of the outcome of their applications, in writing, within 30 calendar days from the day of approval.

9.4. PAYMENT OF MANDATORY GRANTS

- 9.4.1. FoodBev SETA shall pay 20% (or any rate as determined and gazetted by the DHET Minister) of the total levies to the employer whose mandatory grant application has been approved.
- 9.4.2. Payments for mandatory grants shall be made at least quarterly of every year.
- 9.4.3. It remains the responsibility of employers to ensure that the payment of the mandatory grant is processed against the correct company banking details. Any Mandatory Grants not paid due to the provision of incorrect banking details by applicants will be transferred to the discretionary fund reserve after one (1) year of retaining the funds.
- 9.4.4. A company must be up to date with the levy payments to the Commissioner at the time of approval and in respect of the period for which an application is made.
- 9.4.5. A consolidated mandatory grant application will be accepted when the company has selected the lead employer to manage the receipt of the mandatory grant payment.
- 9.4.6. The Mandatory Grant allocations of unsuccessful applicants will be transferred to the Discretionary Grant fund by the 15th of August.

9.5. MANDATORY GRANT APPEALS

- 9.5.1. An applicant can appeal an unsuccessful mandatory grant outcome within fourteen (14) working days from receipt of the rejection letter. No late appeals will be considered.
- 9.5.2. An appeal will be reviewed and considered by the CEO and the CEO will make the final decision.

9.6. INTER-SETA TRANSFER (IST)

- 9.6.1. A levy-paying employer can apply for inter-seta transfer by completing an Inter-SETA transfer form by using the DHET template.
- 9.6.2. The levy-paying employer must submit their mandatory grant application to the relevant SETA until the transfer has been finalised and approved.
- 9.6.3. Once the inter-seta transfer has been finalized and approved, the transferring (out) levy-paying employer will no longer have access to the FoodBev system for submission of subsequent mandatory grant applications.

10. SECTION B: DISCRETIONARY GRANTS

10.1. **INTRODUCTION**

- 10.1.1. FoodBev SETA will determine and allocate Discretionary Grants in support of the implementation of the SSP and APP. The SSP is developed by considering the national strategic goals as set out in the NSDP, the National Skills Accord and other relevant national priorities.
- 10.1.2. Discretionary projects are projects that address the FoodBev SETA objectives as outlined in the SP, APP and the Service Agreement Level (SLA) between DHET and FoodBev SETA taking into consideration the transformational imperatives of race, gender, people with disabilities, township and rural communities.
- 10.1.3. The APP clearly sets out the indicators that will be funded through the Discretionary Grant process for learning programmes that address sector skills needs.
- 10.1.4. These discretionary grants will be approved by the AA /delegate as and when required.

10.2. FUNDING MODELS AND PROJECT TYPES

- 10.2.1. The FoodBev SETA Discretionary Grant funding is divided into PIVOTAL and Non-PIVOTAL programmes.
- 10.2.2. The SETA will allocate at least 80% of the DG to PIVOTAL programmes and 20% to non-PIVOTAL programmes (other programmes that will assist stakeholders to develop skills in and for the sector, or to address national skills priorities).
- 10.2.3. PIVOTAL (learning programmes) include but not limited to the following:
 - 10.2.3.1. Adult Education and Training (AET) Programme (Level 4)
 - 10.2.3.2. Artisans Employed and Unemployed
 - 10.2.3.3. Artisan Recognition Prior Learning (ARPL)
 - 10.2.3.4. Bursaries Employed and Unemployed (HET, TVET and CET)
 - 10.2.3.5. Bursaries Research & Innovation (Masters and PhD)
 - 10.2.3.6. Candidacy Programme
 - 10.2.3.7. Internship/WIL (UoT)
 - 10.2.3.8. Learnerships Employed and Unemployed
 - 10.2.3.9. Skills Programme Employed and Unemployed
 - 10.2.3.10. TVET Placement (N6)

10.2.4. Non-PIVOTAL Programmes:

- 10.2.4.1. Non-credit bearing programmes (short courses)
- 10.2.4.2. Adult Education and Training (AET) programme (Level 1-3)

- 10.2.4.3. TVET Capacity Building (Lecturer Development)
- 10.2.4.4. Work Experience for Graduates (HET)

10.3. POLICY GUIDELINES FOR DISCRETIONARY GRANTS

- 10.3.1. A Discretionary Grant will be allocated, subject to the availability of funds. The award of a Discretionary Grant is not guaranteed, and it shall be within the discretion of FoodBev SETA.
- 10.3.2. FBS will open a funding window calling entities within the sector to apply for discretionary grants. The funding windows will be opened when the need arises. An application for a DG must be submitted on or before the stipulated date indicated in the applicable funding window.
- 10.3.3. Employers (levy paying and non-levy paying) that fall within food and beverages manufacturing sector may apply for discretionary grants, by submitting an online application through an online application system, on or before the closing date as stipulated in the advertisement.
- 10.3.4. Non-levy paying employers must also submit a completed Pivotal Plan and Pivotal Report (not applicable for levy paying employers that submitted Mandatory Grant applications for the relevant financial year).
- 10.3.5. First time applicant levy paying employers must submit a completed Pivotal Plan.
- 10.3.6. The CEO reserves the right to open the MIS system for those stakeholders who have proven to not be able to submit their applications online due to system generated errors.
- 10.3.7. The priority of the allocation of DG will be to address the hard to fill vacancies through learning programmes that are designed to address such skills needs in the sector which include workplace-based learning.
- 10.3.8. An employer or entity whose application for a DG is successful must comply with the processes established by FoodBev SETA for the management, monitoring and evaluation of the grant disbursement process.
- 10.3.9. FoodBev SETA reserves the right to withdraw a DG where a successful applicant does not comply with any such requirements as may be established by FoodBev SETA from time to time.
- 10.3.10. FoodBev SETA reserves the right to withdraw DG funding where change requests are submitted by employer(s) for qualifications that are not part of the Hard to Fill Vacancy list without providing valid and plausible reasons for changing qualification, where such change will not address hard to fill vacancies or scarce skills.

- 10.3.11. A DG application must be approved by the FoodBev SETA awards committee before any of the funds are allocated.
- 10.3.12. An employer or entity must submit all supporting documents as stipulated.
- 10.3.13. Preference for training on learning programmes will be given to South African citizens, permanent residents, designated groups such as women, youth, people with disability, townships, and rural communities.
- 10.3.14. Unemployed Student bursaries will be awarded from start of program until completion, provided that the students submit academic records that prove successful completion of that module, per year, and provide completion certificates when they complete their studies.
- 10.3.15. Employed Student bursaries will only be awarded for the final year of study (for undergraduate studies), Management/Executive Development programs, and/or postgraduate programs provided that the prospective students submit academic records that prove successful completion of that module and provide completion certificates when they complete their studies or proof of acceptance/registration at an accredited institution.
- 10.3.16. Students who have bursaries from other Institutions will not be eligible to obtain a bursary from FoodBev SETA.
- 10.3.17. Students who receive FoodBev SETA bursaries and fail any subject, will not be paid for the failed subject and will be expected to repeat those subjects at their own costs.
- 10.3.18. The FoodBev SETA will not be party to the contract between employers and their appointed accredited training providers.
- 10.3.19. Training Providers are prohibited from withholding learner results and/or certificates.
- 10.3.20. The FoodBev SETA will only engage with employers through their primary or secondary SDF to resolve any queries or requests and will not engage directly with training providers to avoid miscommunication and confusion.
- 10.3.21. FBS will communicate with approved or rejected applicants, in writing indicating the status of their application. Once approved, FoodBev SETA will enter into a contract with the applicant approved.
- 10.3.22. FoodBev SETA can enter into an agreement in the form of an award/commitment letter or a contract.
- 10.3.23. Employers may only commence training if at the time the training is commenced, they have applied for DG funding and the implementation is within the applicable financial year. FBS will not take responsibility for any costs incurred for training where DG application is not approved.
- 10.3.24. Employers can register learners as industry funded whilst awaiting feedback on their application from the SETA. This will be updated to SETA funded, if the SETA approves the grant application.

10.3.25. The applicant needs to apply for extension where applicants is unable to adhere to the implementation plan. The application must be made before the expiry of the set deadline for submission of regulatory documents. FBS reserves the right to approve or decline any application received.

10.4. ELIGIBILITY FOR DISCRETIONARY GRANTS

The compliance team will consider the following when evaluating applications for compliance:

- 10.4.1. Levy-paying companies must be up to date with payment of their levies.
- 10.4.2. Submit an online application with a duly completed and signed off PIVOTAL plan and/or PIVOTAL report, where applicable.
- 10.4.3. Submit a simplified PIVOTAL plan and/or report (for companies employing less than 50 employees and/or with a payroll below R500 000.00)
- 10.4.4. An application is from any of these institutions, amongst others:
 - 10.4.4.1. Public Higher Education and Training Institutions.
 - 10.4.4.2. A levy paying employer or company operating within the food and beverages manufacturing sector ("FBMS").
 - 10.4.4.3. A non-levy paying employer operating within FBMS (small, micro businesses, and cooperatives legally registered with CIPC)
 - 10.4.4.4. A non-levy paying organisation (NPO, NPC, Community Based Organisations legally registered with CIPC) with an interest in skills development of beneficiaries within the FBMS.
 - 10.4.4.5. A government department or public organisation/institution (registered under the PFMA) with an interest in skills development of beneficiaries within the FBMS. Public Higher Education and Training Institutions and Government Institutions that are eligible to pay levies and are obligated by law to submit WSP and ATRs, must submit their WSP and ATRs to their respective SETAs and provide proof of submission of these plans and reports.
 - 10.4.4.6. Organised Labour recognized in the Constitution of FBMS.
- 10.4.5. Submit an exemption certificate from SARS or provide a letter from their accountant/ auditors confirming that their payroll is less than R500 000,00 for all permanent employees. The accountant must indicate the average payroll per head of permanent employees as proof that the reported number of permanent employees' payroll does not exceed the threshold.

- 10.4.6. Discretionary grants will not be awarded to the following applicants, amongst others:
 - 10.4.6.1. Entities that are insolvent or being wound up
 - 10.4.6.2. Entities that are undergoing business rescue proceedings
 - 10.4.6.3. Entities have entered into an arrangement with creditors, have suspended business activities
 - 10.4.6.4. Entities that have had their debt written off by FoodBev SETA
 - 10.4.6.5. Entities with pending discretionary grants related litigation proceedings with the FoodBev SETA will be considered for further funding on a case by case basis, until the matter is resolved
 - 10.4.6.6. Entities that have failed to implement training programs in a satisfactory manner.
 - 10.4.6.7. Directors and shareholders of companies that have been blacklisted by National Treasury, FoodBev SETA or any other organ of state.
 - 10.4.7. Submit proof of training provider accreditation by a recognised accrediting body with a six (6) month validity from the closing date of the discretionary grant advert.
 - 10.4.8. Submit proof of accreditation by a professional body to conduct candidacy program or a program that will lead to a professional designation with a six (6) month validity from the closing date of the discretionary grant advert.
 - 10.4.9. Submit a contract between the applicant and the training provider that will conduct the training.

10.5. EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR DISCRETIONARY GRANTS

The evaluation committee will consider the following when evaluating discretionary grant applications:

- 10.5.1. Submitted motivation letter for application of qualifications that are not on the sectorial priority skills list and/or hard to fill list.
- 10.5.2. Submitted motivation letter and an updated implementation plan where an application has more than 50% of learners behind schedule. The letter must indicate valid reasons for why the learners are behind schedule and indicate an updated envisaged completion date.
- 10.5.3. An applicant that is applying for an apprenticeship must indicate where the practical and workplace experience will take place, and where a trade test will be conducted.
- 10.5.4. TVET colleges that apply for learning programs under discretionary grants are encouraged to obtain accreditation. Where college does not have accreditation, then the college must indicate what the plans are for them to obtain accreditation for that learning program. This relates to learning programs that require SETA accreditations.

10.5.5. The performance below might be considered for entities that have previously received DG funding for learning programme interventions.

Discretionary Grant Window	Progression
DG 2021/2022	Second tranche payment of most learning interventions have been paid. All learning interventions to be closed out, except for learners on apprenticeships and bursaries.
DG 2022/2023	Second tranche payments for most learning interventions have been paid
DG 2023/2024	First and second tranche payments for most learning interventions have been paid

10.5.6. FBS reserves the right to request additional information or clarity to support the application.

10.6. **DISCRETIONARY GRANTS COMMITTEES**

- 10.6.1. The appointed consultants will evaluate grant applications for compliance and evaluate them against a set criterion and submit all complaint applications to the internal evaluation committee for validation and recommendation.
- 10.6.2. Table 1 below indicates the committees that will be responsible for evaluating, adjudicating, and awarding discretionary grants.

Table 1: DG Committees

Name of	Committee Members	Roles
Committee Consultants	a) Compliance will be conducted online, when the system is available, if not, then the evaluation consultants will evaluate applications for compliance.	Reviews all applications against set compliance checklist. Submits compliant applications to the Evaluation team.
Evaluation Team and/or Committee	 a) Evaluation of compliant applications against set evaluation criteria will be conducted by evaluation consultants (team) and presented to the internal oversight evaluation committee, that will be appointed by the CEO. b) Chairperson of the committee: Manager: Learning Programs c) Senior Administration Officer: Operations (Provides secretariat and logistic services) 	applications. ii. Recommends qualifying applications to the
Adjudication Committee	Applications will be presented by the Chairperson of the Evaluation committee to the Adjudication committee. Adjudication of DG will be adjudicated by the following:	i. Adjudicates over applications recommended by the Evaluation Committee. ii. Recommends qualifying and rejected applications to the grants awarding

Name of Committee	Committee Members	Roles
	 a) Chairperson – Senior Manager: Learning Programmes and Strategic Projects b) SM: Research, Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation c) SM: Finance d) SM: Corporate Services e) SM: Stakeholder Relations f) SM: Information & Communication Technology g) SM: Quality Assurance h) Manager: Learning Programs and Strategic Projects (Provides secretariat and logistic services) A quorum will be made by at least 4 of the SM present for the Adjudication committee meeting 	committee for review and approval.
Award Committee	 a) Chairperson: CEO b) Chief Financial Officer c) General Manager: Operations d) Manager: CEO Office (Provides secretariat and logistic services) A quorum will be made of at least 2 of the Executives for the award committee meeting 	i. Approve the Discretionary Grants as delegated
Accounting Authority (AA)/Delegate	a) AA will note approvals of mandatory and discretionary grants	i. Notes the approved MGs and DGs.

11. IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

- 11.1. Discretionary Grants funding windows will be opened by FoodBev SETA as and when required, during a financial year to address the implementation of the APP and the SLA targets as agreed with DHET.
- 11.2. Each funding window will specify who may apply, who may benefit and the criteria for approval of funding.
- 11.3. The amounts stipulated in section 13 below are all inclusive. Stipend amounts are exclusive of SARS allowable deductions. Stipends must be paid to the learners in line with the table below, employers must not deduct costs that are not agreed upon with the learner and signed off by the learner in their employment contract. Companies are not prohibited from topping up on the amount indicated, however they are not allowed to pay less than the minimum after SARS allowable deductions. Subsequent stipends may be paid without paying for training, if proof of payment of stipends has been provided. Training costs will be paid when all moderation requirements have been met.
- 11.4. Learner stipends will be paid in accordance with the tranches detailed in section 13. However, subsequent stipends for non-profit organizations, non-levy paying businesses,

TVET, and HEI may be paid upon the submission and approval of the progress report or the completion of interval moderation, provided that proof of stipend payment is submitted.

12. REPLACEMENT OF LEARNERS

12.1. The FoodBev SETA will allow replacement of learners only if the first tranche payment has not been paid by the SETA, alternatively, if the employer can demonstrate reassignment of the funds to the replacement learner. The reassigned funds will be for registered learners that did not commence with training and did not receive a stipend.

13. ALLOCATION OF DISCRETIONARY GRANT FUNDING PER PROGRAMME

Learning programmes	Allocated funds per learner	Envisaged duration of learning programmes	Tranche payment breakdown	Explanatory notes
AET	R 5,000	6 months per learning area (Numeracy and Literacy)	a) Tranche 1: 80% on registrationb) Tranche 2: 20% on completion	a) R 2,500 per level, per learning area
Apprenticeship/ Artisans (Employed) including Trade Occupations (including People with Disability)	R 55,000	1 year	a) Tranche 1: 50% on registrationb) Tranche 2: 50% on completion	a) Assessment process b) Gap Training and final assessment (Trade Test)
Apprenticeship/ Artisans (Unemployed) including Trade Occupations	R 206,290	3 years	 a) Tranche 1: 25% on registration b) Tranche 2: 25% on progress c) Tranche 3: 25% on progress d) Tranche 4: 25% on completion 	Stipends of R3,000 p/m for a period of 36 months Training costs R98,290 per learner for the duration of which includes: a) Theory, practical and work experience b) Medical assessments and tools of trade c) Project management Trade Test Preparation d) Trade Test including reassessments
Apprenticeship/Artisans (Unemployed) including Trade occupations for People with Disability	R242, 290	3 years	 a) Tranche 1: 25% on registration b) Tranche 2: 25% on progress c) Tranche 3: 25% on progress d) Tranche 4: 25% on completion 	Stipends of R4,000 p/m for a period of 36 months Training costs R98,290 per learner for the duration of which includes: a) Theory, practical and work experience b) Medical assessments and tools of trade c) Project management Trade Test Preparation

Learning programmes	Allocated funds per learner	Envisaged duration of learning programmes	Tranche payment breakdown	Explanatory notes
Recognition of Prior	R55,000 for	ARPL course duration	a) Tranche 1: 50% on	d) Trade Test including reassessments a) Assessment process
Learning (Artisan)	unemployed candidates R35,000 for employed candidates		registration b) Tranche 2: 50% on completion	b) Gap Training and final assessment (Trade Test)
Recognition of Prior Learning (Artisan) for People with disability Unemployed	R79,000	Maximum of 6 months	a) Tranche 1: 50% on registrationb) Tranche 2: 50% on completion	Stipends of R4,000 p/m for a period of 6 months Training costs R55,000 per learner for the duration of which includes a) Assessment process b) Gap Training and final assessment (Trade Test)
Bursaries (Employed) Undergraduate or Postgraduate studies or Management and Leadership Development	Up to maximum of R 50,000	Undergraduate – Final year of study Postgraduate – course duration as per institutions guidelines	a) Tranche 1: 50% on registrationb) Tranche 2: 50% on completion	c) Funding provided for the actual cost of tuition fees limited to the amount as indicated.d) Minimum of NQF level 6
Courses		montations galdelines		
Bursaries: Research & Innovation (Unemployed) Master and PhD	a) Up to maximum of R 120,000 for Master students	Course duration as per Institution guidelines	a) Tranche 1: 100% of claimed amount up to maximum allowable	Funding to pay for: a) Registration fees for Masters course only. PhD only funded post approval of proposal by the Faculty Dean b) Tuition fees

Learning programmes	Allocated funds per learner	Envisaged duration of learning programmes	Tranche payment breakdown	Explanatory notes
Candidacy Programme	b) Up to maximum of R150,000 for PhD students Up to a maximum of R252,000 (R84,000 per year)	Depends on the required work experience post qualification to be registered for that qualification	a) Tranche 1 = R84,000 stipend for year 1 on registration b) Tranche 2 = R84 000 stipend for year 2 on receipt of progress report c) Tranche 3 = R84,000 stipend for year 3 (50% on receipt of progress report and 50% on completion of the learner)	 c) Accommodation d) Meals e) Study material/Equipment f) Student allowance if not staying at university residence. g) Students to provide statements and if students are not staying at residence, students must provide lease agreements d) Stipend required for the level of intervention limited to the amount indicated. Minimum monthly stipend of R7,000 per learner for duration of programme up to a maximum 36 months.
Learnership Employed	R 25,000	Qualifications up to a maximum of 240 credits (12 -18 months) Qualifications that exceed 240 credits	 a) Tranche 1 = 40% on registration b) Tranche 2 = 40% on progress c) Tranche 3 = 20% on completion 	a) Total amount that covers cost of conducting training and training material including learner assessments and/or certification (no stipend for employed learners)
Learnership for People with Disability (Employed)	R34, 000	Depends on the qualification, to a	a) Tranche 1 = 40% on registration	d) Total amount is to cover cost of training and training material including learner

Learning programmes	Allocated funds per learner	Envisaged duration of learning programmes maximum of 18 months	b) Tranche 2 = 40% on progress	explanatory notes assessments and certification (no stipend for employed learners)
			c) Tranche 3 = 20% on completion	
Learnership Unemployed	R 67,000 for 12 months* R88 000 for 18 months*	Qualifications to a maximum of 240 credits	 a) Tranche 1 = 40% on registration b) Tranche 2 = 40% of training cost and 60% of stipend on progress c) Tranche 3 = 20% of training cost on 	 d) Minimum monthly stipend of R3,500 (to cover the full months for the duration of the programme). e) Training amount is R25,000 per learner that covers the cost of conducting training, training material including learner assessments and/or certification.
	R 128,000 for 24 months*	Qualifications with more than 240 credits	completion	 a) Minimum monthly stipend of R3,500 per learner (to cover the full months for the duration of the programme). b) Training amount is R44,000 per learner that covers the cost of conducting training, training material and learner assessments and/or certification.
* The period is aligned to S		<u>, </u>	,	
Learnership for People with Disability (Unemployed)	R 88,000 for 12 months* R115 000 for 18 months*	Qualifications to a maximum of 240 credits	 a) Tranche 1 = 40% on registration b) Tranche 2 = 40% of training cost and 60% of stipend on progress 	 d) Minimum monthly stipend of R4,500 per learner e) Training cost for People with disability: R34,000 per learner that will cover the cost of conducting training, training material and learner assessments, certification, facilitator, interpreters and/or aiders

Learning programmes	Allocated funds per learner	Envisaged duration of learning programmes	Tranche payment breakdown	Explanatory notes
	R156 000 for 24 months*	Qualifications with more than 240 credits (more than 24 moths)	c) Tranche 3: 20% of training costs on completion	 a) Minimum monthly stipend of R4,500 per leaner b) Training cost for People with disability: R48,000 per learner that will cover the cost of conducting training, training material and learner assessments, certification, facilitator, interpreters and/or aiders
Lecturer Development programme	R63,000	30 days	a) Tranche 1: 100%	 b) R20,000 per substitute lecturer (2 per MOU) c) R4,000 per lecturer for travel during placement (x2) d) R15,000 to employer for hosting two lecturers
Skills Programme (Including Part Qualifications)	Based on total number of credits applied for	Depends on total number of credits, duration is based on notional hours required	 a) Tranche 1: 60% of training cost and 100% of learner stipend on registration b) Tranche 2 = 40% of training cost on completion 	Employed Learners R200 per credit which includes: a) All Learning Materials b) Portfolio of evidence c) Assessment of learners d) Certification and/or endorsements Unemployed Learners: R 200 per credit which includes: a) All Learning Materials b) Portfolio of evidence c) Assessment of learners d) Certification and/or endorsements

Learning programmes	Allocated funds per learner	Envisaged duration of learning programmes	Tranche payment breakdown	Explanatory notes
				Stipend of R150 per day per unemployed learner on the basis of number of credits to a maximum of 60 credits or R 3 000 per month for the duration of the Programme.
Work Readiness Programmes	R15,000 for a maximum of 5 modules	Maximum of 3 months	 a) Tranche 1: 60% of training cost and 100% of learner stipend on registration b) Tranche 2 = 40% of training cost on completion 	Stipend R3,000 a month for maximum of 3 months Training per module is R1,200 for a maximum of 5 modules
TVET, CET and HET Bursaries Unemployed	Covers 100% funding of the learner up to maximum of R 120,000.	Depends on the duration of the course as stipulated by the institution	a) Tranche 1: 100% upon registration	Funding to pay for: a) Tuition fees b) Accommodation c) Meals d) Study material/Equipment e) Student allowance if not staying at university or TVET college residence.
TVET Placement (N6)	R 63 000 for non- engineering courses and R84 000 for engineering students	18 months for non- engineering courses 24 months for engineering courses	 a) Tranche 1 = 40% on registration b) Tranche 2 = 50% on progress c) Tranche 3 = 10% on completion 	d) Minimum monthly stipend of R3,500 per learner
Internship (unemployed) – University of Technology	R30,000	6 Months	a) Tranche 1 = 40% on registration b) Tranche 2 = 50% on	d) Minimum monthly stipend R5,000 per learner
	R 60,000	12 months	progress c) Tranche 3 = 10% on completion	a) Minimum monthly stipend R5,000 per learner

Learning programmes	Allocated funds per learner	Envisaged duration of learning programmes	Tranche payment breakdown	Explanatory notes
Work Experience for Graduates	R 60,000	12 months	 a) Tranche 1 = 40% on registration b) Tranche 2 = 50% on progress c) Tranche 3= 10% on completion 	d) Minimum monthly stipend R5,000 per learner

^{*}Project management fee will be allocated at the discretion of the SETA and will be calculated at a maximum of 7.5%

14. SECTION C: STRATEGIC PROJECTS AND PARTNERSHIPS

14.1 POLICY PROVISIONS

- 14.1.1. FoodBev SETA supports strategic projects and partnerships that align with priorities identified in the SSP, SP, APP, and other national priorities. These initiatives aim to drive innovation and impact in skills development.
 - 14.1.2. The primary objective of these projects is to address sector-specific and/or national priorities while fostering innovation and measurable impact. The projects may focus on:
 - 14.1.2.1. Developing learning interventions,
 - 14.1.2.2. Building or upgrading infrastructure,
 - 14.1.2.3. Providing equipment or tools of trade, or
 - 14.1.2.4. Delivering other support essential for successful skills development initiatives.
 - 14.1.2.5. International exchange programs or international exposure for businesses
- 14.1.3. Strategic projects or partnerships proposals may be received I from, amongst others, private and public sector, higher education institutions, TVETs, CETs, non-profit organisations, levy and non-levy organisation, inter-SETA collaborations, skills development providers, etc.
- 14.1.4. FoodBev SETA may, at its discretion, open funding windows to call for proposals through expressions of interest or accept unsolicited proposals from eligible entities for strategic/special projects or partnerships. Unsolicited proposals must align with FoodBev SETA's strategic priorities or national priorities and will be evaluated based on relevance, impact, and feasibility. However, submission of an unsolicited proposal does not guarantee funding, as all proposals are subject to the availability of funds and require approval by the EXCO. FoodBev SETA reserves the right to prioritize and evaluate proposals in line with its strategic objectives and resource constraints
- 14.1.5. A funding proposal may be developed for special projects identified by the SETA, working in collaboration with various stakeholders to implement skills development initiatives. These projects must include clear objectives, and measurable outcomes, and must be aligned with strategic skills development goals, and must be approved by EXCO.
- 14.1.6. FoodBev SETA may consider unsolicited sponsorship proposals for sector-relevant interventions such as expos, summits, seminars, competitions, and workshops, aimed at enhancing participants' knowledge and skills. Approval of such sponsorships or funding support will be at the discretion of the CEO and will depend on the availability of funds.

- 14.1.7. Where a partnership is proposed, the proposer must clearly outline their contribution, whether financial or non-financial, towards the implementation of the project.
- 14.1.8. For proposals involving accredited qualifications, the following must be included:
 - 14.1.8.1. Details of the qualification, qualification ID, number of unit standards, and/or credits.
 - 14.1.8.2. Information about the accredited Skills Development Provider (SDP) responsible for training, and
 - 14.1.8.3. A signed contract between the applicant and the SDP.
 - 14.1.8.4. Any changes to the SDP after approval must be requested through
 - 14.1.8.5. FoodBev SETA and will be approved at its discretion. If no SDP is appointed at the time of submission, the applicant must provide a timeline for appointment
- 14.1.9. FoodBev SETA may enter into agreements with entities in the form of commitment letters or Memoranda of Understanding (MoUs). These agreements will be formalized into contracts once the project and full implementation plan are finalised.
- 14.1.10.Entities entering a contract with FoodBev SETA may request the replacement learners linked to the project on condition that there will be no additional costs over and above the costs as approved in the memorandum of agreement/ contract. This request will be approved by the General Manager: Operations
- 14.1.11. Additional learning material for studies, such as laptops, may be procured only if such costs are within the original costs that were approved by the EXCO.
- 14.1.12. The applicant must have a training venue or online training platform and tools of trade including all required learning material for the successful implementation of the program or project, where the project is a learning program.
- 14.1.13. Funding for special projects will depend on the availability of funds, the relevance of the proposal to the SETA's mandate, and approval is at the discretion of EXCO. FoodBev SETA reserves the right to reject or decline funding for any project proposal or to withdraw funding after approval, if necessary.

14.2 EVALUATION COMMITTEE

- 14.2.1. An external service provider or the special projects evaluation committee made up of Senior Manager: Learning programs and Projects, Stakeholder Relations and Corporate Services will evaluate the applications as and when they are received and present to the Adjudication committee for recommendation to EXCO for approval.
- 14.2.2. The evaluation committee will be responsible for reviewing the proposals against guiding principles as mentioned in clause 14.4 below.

14.3. ADJUDICATION COMMITTEE

- 14.3.1. The Adjudication Committee will adjudicate over applications received and make a recommendation to EXCO for approval in line with delegation of authority. The adjudication committee will be made up of Gerenal Manager:Operations, CFO and CEO.
- 14.3.2. Strategic, Special projects, and Partnerships will be approved by EXCOor delegate.

14.4. SPECIAL PROJECT PROPOSALS

To ensure that special project proposals align with the SETA's mandate, national priorities, and address critical socio-economic challenges, the following will be used considered:

Guiding Principles	
Alignment with SETA	How does the project align with FoodBev SETA's mandate, strategic
mandate and/or	objectives, and/or national priorities?
national priorities	a) How does the project align with the strategic objectives and
	mandates of the SETA.
	b) Does it support national priorities of economic growth and
	transformation
	c) Does the project address sector specific skills gaps or
	emerging industry needs
Relevance	Does the proposal:
	a) Clearly outline how the proposed intervention addresses
	FoodBev SETA's strategic goals.
	 b) Identify specific national priorities (e.g., NSDP, APP) that the project supports.
	c) Demonstrate how it will address the triple challenges of poverty,
	inequality and unemployment.
Impact	What socio-economic impact will the project have, and how will it address poverty, unemployment, and inequality? Does the proposal:
	 a) Provide measurable outcomes related to job creation, skills development, and/or community upliftment. b) Indicate how many beneficiaries it will reach, and what is the
	demographic profile of the target group (e.g. youth, women, people with disability, race)
Sustainability	Does the proposal:
	a) Have a clear sustainability plan beyond the funding period?
	b) Are there mechanisms in place to ensure long-term benefits
	and continuity?
	c) Does it promote self-reliance or create opportunities for ongoing skills development?
Feasibility and	a) Is the project realistic and achievable within the proposed
implementation plan	timeline and budget?
	b) Does the proposal include a clear implementation plan with measurable milestones?

	c) Are the roles and responsibilities of all stakeholders clearly defined?
Innovation and Uniqueness	 a) Is the project innovative and distinct from initiatives typically funded through discretionary grants? b) Does it introduce new approaches, technologies, or methodologies to skills development? c) Does it offer a creative solution to addressing skills gaps or socio-economic challenges?
Costing and budgets	 a) Is the budget reasonable and aligned with the project's objectives? b) Are the costs justified, and do they provide value for money? c) Does the proposal demonstrate efficient use of resources? d) Are the costs of accredited learning programs align with costs as indicated in the grant funding policy?
Workplace or practical experience	 a) Does the project include a component of workplace learning, or practical experience? b) Are there partnerships with industry or employers to provide real-world exposure and hands-on training? c) Does the practical experience align with the skills needed in the sector and enhance employability?
Monitoring, Evaluation and Reporting	 a) Does the proposal include a robust monitoring and evaluation framework to track progress and impact? b) Are there clear indicators to measure success and outcomes, including the effectiveness of practical experience components? c) Is there a plan for regular reporting and accountability?
Risks	a) Has the proposal identified potential risks and provided mitigation strategies, especially for workplace or practical experience components?b) Are there contingency plans in place to address unforeseen challenges?
Scalability and Replicability	a) Can the project be scaled up or replicated in other regions or sectors?b) Does it have the potential to serve as a model for future skills development initiatives, particularly those incorporating workplace learning?

14.5. STRATEGIC PROJECTS AND PARTNERSHIPS FUNDING FRAMEWORK

Funding of Strategic Projects is linked to the FOODBEV SETA strategic plans and national priorities and available funds. Without derogating from the generality of the above, FOODBEV SETA shall at its discretion disburse funds, covering pivotal and non-pivotal aspects of strategic projects and partnerships.

- 14.5.1. Funds that are retained or terminated during the year will be prioritized towards the following interventions, amongst others:
 - 14.5.1.1. Ministerial partnership and support
 - 14.5.1.2. TVET, HEI, and CET support
 - 14.5.1.3. SME support
 - 14.5.1.4. Township and rural support
 - 14.5.1.5. Schools support
 - 14.5.1.6. International programs
 - 14.5.1.7. Digital literacy skills
 - 14.5.1.8. Employer initiatives
 - 14.5.1.9. Women, youth and people with disabilities
 - 14.5.1.10. Career guidance initiatives
 - 14.5.1.11. Unemployed graduates
 - 14.5.1.12. Development of centres of excellence

15. PROJECT ADMINISTRATION COST

- A proportion of discretionary grants will be used for administration or project management purposes in the various grants and project categories provided it indicates that it is up to a maximum of 7.5% of the discretionary grant.
- 15.2 Payment of the project management cost to the implementing agent will be at the discretion of the SETA.
- 15.3 FoodBev SETA shall allocate project costs to the FoodBev SETA to perform the following, but not limited to:
 - 15.3.1 Monitoring & Evaluation visits
 - 15.3.2 Salaries of employees directly linked to the implementation of discretionary grants.
 - 15.3.3 Moderation of learning programmes
 - 15.3.4 Stakeholder capacity building and project management functions
 - 15.3.5 Advertisements relating to the implementation of learning programmes and projects.
 - 15.3.6 Distribution of career guidance booklets and capacitation of career guidance practitioner
 - 15.3.7 Travel and accommodation and related costs that is linked to the implementation of skills development interventions.
 - 15.3.8 TVET capacity building
 - 15.3.9 Curriculum design and cost relating to development of qualifications and learning material
 - 15.3.10 Vetting of contracts by employers
 - 15.3.11 Assessments

- 15.3.12 Attendance of summits, indabas, conferences etc that are aimed at capacitating the SETA with body of knowledge on a relevant topic.
- 15.3.13 Ad-hoc research that will enhance body of knowledge for the SETA
- 15.3.14 Any other costs directly linked to the implementation of a discretionary grant.

16 REQUIREMENTS FOR PEOPLE WITH DISABILITY

Employers may apply for this grant for learners with disabilities.

- 16.1 Specific reference to the Guide on the Determination of Medical Tax Credits and Allowances (Issue 4) in terms of the Income Tax Act 58 of 1962 is used to guide the specific definition of disability, in terms of this grant application.
- 16.2 FoodBev SETA reserves the right to query disability status and request additional information. BEE verification agencies may be consulted in this regard.
- The specific requirements per disability status are referenced on the Grants Criteria and Guidelines document as per referenced Guide on the Determination of Medical Tax Credits and Allowances (Issue 4) in terms of the Income Tax Act 58 of 1962.

17. GRANTS APPEAL PROCESS

- 17.1 Entities may lodge an appeal in respect of a Discretionary Grant and special project, the appeal should be submitted in writing to the Senior Manager: Learning Programmes and Strategic Projects for processing and decision. The appeal must be submitted within fourteen (14) days of receipt of the outcome notification.
- 17.2 In all cases, the decision of the CEO or delegate is final.

18. MONITORING AND EVALUATION

- 18.1 FoodBev SETA may conduct due diligence and/or monitoring visits at any site where learners are hosted for any of the FoodBev SETA funded learning programmes, Special Projects and Partnerships as stipulated in the FoodBev SETA Monitoring and Evaluation policy.
- 18.2 FoodBev SETA reserves the right to withdraw grant funding approval where a successful applicant does not comply with any due diligence requirements as may be established by FoodBev SETA from time to time or where an applicant is found guilty of misconduct.

19 ACCOUNTABILITY AND RESPONSIBILITY

Official	Role
CEO	a) Custodian of the policy

Line Management	 a) To provide guidance to employees in relation to this policy b) To create an environment that encourages compliance with policy c) To take disciplinary action for non-compliance to this policy
Employee	a) To implement this policy b) To comply with this policy

20 NON-COMPLIANCE

20.1 Non-compliance with this policy or any applicable regulatory requirement through any deliberate or negligent act or omission, including allowing any staff, either expressly or impliedly, not to comply with this policy or any applicable regulatory requirement, will be considered serious and will be dealt with in terms of the FoodBev SETA's disciplinary policies and procedures.

21 DEVIATION

- 21.1 Any deviation(s) to this policy is subject to the sole discretion and approval of the Chief Executive Officer within his/her delegation of authority.
- 21.2 All deviation(s) requests shall be in writing, fully motivated with supporting documentation and addressed to the Chief Executive Officer for his/her approval.

22 POLICY EFFECTIVE DATE

22.1 This policy comes into effect on the approval date by the Accounting Authority.

23 DISTRIBUTION AND TRAINING AND AWARENESS

23.1 This policy will be communicated and distributed to all FoodBev SETA staff via e-mail. The policy will also be saved on the Policies and Procedures shared drive or another applicable repository. Training on the policy will be conducted once it has been approved by the Accounting Authority.

24 POLICY MANAGEMENT AND REVIEW

24.1 This policy will be reviewed annually or whenever necessary. If and when any provision of this policy is amended, the amended approved policy will supersede any previously approved policy.